

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

For the years ended  
December 31, 2025 and 2024

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Eagle Plains Resources Ltd.

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Eagle Plains Resources Ltd. (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the year ended December 31, 2025. In addition to the matter described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be a key audit matter to be communicated in our report. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### Recoverability of Exploration and Evaluation Assets

As disclosed in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying value of Exploration and Evaluation Assets represents a significant asset of the Group. Refer to Note 2, Note 3 and Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for a description of the accounting policy and significant judgments applied to Exploration and Evaluation Assets.

At each reporting period end, management applies judgment in assessing whether there are any indicators of impairment relating to exploration and evaluation assets. If there are indicators of impairment, the recoverable amount of the related asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment. Indicators of impairment may include (i) the period during which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the year or will expire in the near future and is not expected to be renewed; (ii) substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned; (iii) exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and (iv) sufficient data exists to indicate that the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group recognized an impairment of approximately \$39,000.

### **Why the matter was determined to be a key audit matter**

We considered this a key audit matter due to (i) the significance of the exploration and evaluation assets balance prior to the application of the change in accounting policy, and (ii) the judgments made by management in its assessment of indicators of impairment related to mining claims and deferred exploration costs, which have resulted in a high degree of subjectivity in performing audit procedures related to these judgments applied by management.

### **How the matter was addressed in our audit**

We have evaluated management's assessment of impairment indicators per IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, including but not limited to:

- Obtaining, by reference to government registries, evidence to support (i) the right to explore the area and (ii) claim expiration dates;
- Assessing compliance with option agreements by the Company's option partners by reviewing agreements, vouching cash payments and share issuances;
- Enquiring with management and reviewing its future plans and other documentation as evidence that further exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest will be continued in the future;
- Assessing whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of the Exploration and Evaluation assets is unlikely to be recovered through development or sale; and
- Assessing the adequacy of the related disclosures in Note 2, Note 3, Note 4 and Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be

materially misstated.

We obtained the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hilda Leung.

*Crowe Mackay LLP*

**Chartered Professional Accountants  
Vancouver, Canada  
April 21, 2026**

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	December 31 2025	December 31 2024	January 1 2024
		(Note 4)	(Note 4)
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,038,049	\$ 8,115,112	\$ 7,772,968
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	1,486,525	504,298	235,817
Prepaid expenses	318,577	133,286	296,193
Due from related party (Note 11)	-	8,840	528,637
Accrued revenue	103,717	-	-
Investments (Note 6)	3,970,827	1,352,224	1,344,633
Mineral exploration tax credits recoverable	223,318	118,809	270,598
	<u>13,141,013</u>	<u>10,232,569</u>	<u>10,448,846</u>
<b>Reclamation bonds</b> (Note 12)	245,399	213,512	186,258
<b>Property and equipment</b> (Note 7)	1,315,190	1,383,798	1,382,432
<b>Exploration and evaluation assets</b> (Note 8)	<u>228,225</u>	<u>230,226</u>	<u>328,034</u>
	<u>\$ 14,929,827</u>	<u>\$ 12,060,105</u>	<u>\$ 12,345,570</u>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 659,821	\$ 332,547	\$ 155,367
Prepaid deposits	942,891	652,716	701,338
Reclamation deposits (Note 12)	55,956	55,956	56,269
	<u>1,658,668</u>	<u>1,041,219</u>	<u>912,974</u>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Share capital (Note 9)	20,257,154	20,222,589	20,222,589
Contributed surplus (Note 9)	5,641,221	5,438,373	5,359,356
Deficit	<u>(12,627,216)</u>	<u>(14,642,076)</u>	<u>(14,149,349)</u>
	<u>13,271,159</u>	<u>11,018,886</u>	<u>11,432,596</u>
	<u>\$ 14,929,827</u>	<u>\$ 12,060,105</u>	<u>\$ 12,345,570</u>

**Nature and continuance of operations** (Note 1)

**Commitments and contingencies** (Note 12)

**Subsequent event** (Note 20)

**On behalf of the Board:**

"Timothy J Termuende" Director  
Mr. Timothy J. Termuende (Signed)

"C.C. (Chuck) Downie" Director  
Mr. C.C (Chuck) Downie (Signed)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
**Expressed in Canadian Dollars**

<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>	
				(Note 4)
<b>Revenue</b>				
Geological services (Note 15)	\$	11,854,980	\$	10,102,823
<b>Cost and expenses of operations</b>				
Services		6,729,782		7,033,566
Depreciation (Note 7)		146,904		151,680
Salaries and subcontractors		2,658,848		1,558,376
		<u>(9,535,534)</u>		<u>(8,743,622)</u>
<b>Gross Profit</b>		<u>2,319,446</u>		<u>1,359,201</u>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>				
Administration costs (Notes 11 and 19)		1,749,750		1,474,700
Exploration and evaluation expenses (Note 8)		406,741		447,246
Professional fees (Note 11)		315,501		244,196
Public company costs		57,200		48,025
Share-based payments (Notes 9 and 11)		218,141		79,017
Trade shows, travel and promotion		291,322		316,319
		<u>(3,038,655)</u>		<u>(2,609,503)</u>
<b>Other expenses (income)</b>				
Bad debt expense (recovery)		123,810		(8,379)
Depreciation (Note 7)		38,960		53,865
Write down of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 8)		38,709		119,995
		<u>(201,479)</u>		<u>(165,481)</u>
<b>Income (Loss) before other items</b>		<u>(920,688)</u>		<u>(1,415,783)</u>
<b>Other Items</b>				
Option proceeds in excess of carrying value (Note 8)		352,236		93,750
Other income		414,770		561,991
Interest income		176,608		386,526
Gain on disposal of property and equipment (Note 7)		19,652		20,006
Gain (loss) on investments (Note 6)		1,972,282		(139,217)
		<u>2,935,548</u>		<u>923,056</u>
<b>Net and comprehensive income (loss) for the year</b>	\$	<u>2,014,860</u>	\$	<u>(492,727)</u>
<b>Income (loss) per share - basic and diluted (Note 10)</b>	\$	0.02	\$	(0.00)
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted (Note 10)</b>		115,091,087		115,057,227

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
Expressed in Canadian dollars

<b>For the years ended</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
		(Note 4)
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 2,014,860	\$ (492,727)
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	185,864	205,545
Bad debt expense (recovery)	123,810	(8,379)
Share-based payments	218,141	79,017
Loss (gain) on investments	(1,972,282)	139,217
Option proceeds in excess of carrying value	(352,236)	(93,750)
Write down of exploration and evaluation assets	38,709	119,995
Gain on sale of mineral claims	(216,995)	(330,655)
Gain on disposal of equipment	(19,652)	(20,006)
	<u>20,219</u>	<u>(401,743)</u>
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Accrued interest income	(7,064)	(6,567)
BC METC recovery	(104,509)	151,789
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,226,037)	(345,589)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(200,291)	162,907
(Increase) decrease in accrued revenue	(103,717)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	327,274	177,180
Increase (decrease) in prepaid deposits	193,925	(48,622)
	<u>(1,100,200)</u>	<u>(310,645)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from exercise of options and warrants	19,272	-
	<u>19,272</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Change in due from related party	8,840	519,797
Proceeds from sale of investments	153,569	385,905
Purchase of investments	(178,388)	(188,476)
Proceeds from release of reclamation bond	34,177	-
Purchase of reclamation bonds	(59,000)	(21,000)
Cash received for option payments and sale of claims	202,994	181,446
Exploration and evaluation assets expenditures	(60,723)	(37,978)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	38,000	47,154
Purchase of property and equipment	(135,604)	(234,059)
	<u>3,865</u>	<u>652,789</u>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	(1,077,063)	342,144
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,115,112	7,772,968
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 7,038,049</u>	<u>\$ 8,115,112</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents comprise:</b>		
Bank deposits	\$ 1,274,643	\$ 888,045
Term deposits	5,763,406	7,227,067
	<u>\$ 7,038,049</u>	<u>\$ 8,115,112</u>

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**EAGLE PLAINS RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**Expressed in Canadian Dollars**

Share capital

	Number of shares	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Deficit (Note 4)	Total shareholders' equity (Note 4)
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2023</b>	115,057,227	\$ 20,222,589	\$ 5,359,356	\$ (14,149,349)	\$ 11,432,596
Share-based payments	-	-	79,017	-	79,017
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(492,727)	(492,727)
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>115,057,227</b>	<b>\$ 20,222,589</b>	<b>\$ 5,438,373</b>	<b>\$ (14,642,076)</b>	<b>\$ 11,018,886</b>
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2024</b>	115,057,227	\$ 20,222,589	\$ 5,438,373	\$ (14,642,076)	\$ 11,018,886
Shares issued	145,000	34,565	(15,293)	-	19,272
Share-based payments	-	-	218,141	-	218,141
Net income and comprehensive income	-	-	-	2,014,860	2,014,860
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>115,202,227</b>	<b>\$ 20,257,154</b>	<b>\$ 5,641,221</b>	<b>\$ (12,627,216)</b>	<b>\$ 13,271,159</b>

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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## **1. Nature and Continuance of Operations**

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Eagle Plains Resources Ltd. (the “Company” or “Eagle Plains” or “EPL”) was incorporated on March 30, 1994, pursuant to the Alberta Business Corporation Act (Alberta), and is extra provincially registered in the Yukon, British Columbia, the Northwest Territories and Saskatchewan. The Company is a junior resource company holding properties located in British Columbia, Yukon, the Northwest Territories and Saskatchewan for the purpose of exploring for, and the development of, mineral resources and it is considered to be in the exploration stage.

The Company also provides geological services on its properties optioned to others and properties owned by others through its subsidiary, TerraLogic Exploration Inc. (incorporated pursuant to the British Columbia Corporation Act). The gross profit reported on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) relates solely to geological services provided to third parties.

On August 15, 2024, the Company formed a separate division, Osprey Power Inc. (“OP”), within the Company that will give Eagle Plains’ shareholders direct exposure to strategic opportunities in Canadian green energy transition. As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eagle Plains, OP will focus on identifying and advancing innovative and diverse clean energy project portfolios in target markets throughout Canada, with an initial focus on Western Canada.

The Company’s corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 200, 44-12<sup>th</sup> Avenue South, Cranbrook, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company continues to be dependent upon its ability to finance its operations and exploration programs through financing activities that may include issuances of additional debt or equity securities. The recoverability of the carrying value of exploration projects, and ultimately, the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, is dependent upon the existence and economic recovery of reserves, the ability to raise financing to complete the development of the properties, and upon future profitable production or, alternatively, upon the Company’s ability to dispose of its interest on an advantageous basis, all of which are uncertain. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company’s business may be affected by changes in political and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, tariffs, changes in laws, and national and international circumstances. Recent regional conflicts and potential economic global challenges such as the risk of the higher inflation and energy crises, may create further uncertainty and risk with respect to the prospects of the Company’s business.

These circumstances could have a negative impact on the stock market, including trading prices of the Company’s shares and its ability to raise new capital. These factors, amongst others, could have a significant impact on the Company’s operations. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business.

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## **2. Basis of Preparation**

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### **(a) Statement of Compliance**

The consolidated financial statements for the Company for the years ending December 31, 2025 and 2024 are prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 21, 2026.

### **(b) Basis of Measurement**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) which are stated at their fair value. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company and its subsidiaries’ functional currency.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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## **2. Basis of Preparation - continued**

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### (c) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Financial results as determined by actual events could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are continuously evaluated and reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Areas of significant judgment include the assessments of going concern assumption (Note 1) and impairment of exploration and evaluation assets.

There is no certainty that the expenditures made by the Company in the exploration of its property interests will result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. The Company applies judgment to determine whether indicators of impairment exist for these capitalized costs.

Management uses several criteria in making this assessment, including the period for which the Company has the right to explore, expected renewals of exploration rights, whether substantive expenditures on further exploration and evaluation of mineral properties are budgeted, and evaluation of the results of exploration and evaluation activities up to the reporting date.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, management determined certain mineral properties are impaired due to a lack of plans for exploration. Management estimated the recoverable amounts of these properties and recognized an impairment loss.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

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## **3. Material Accounting Policies**

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The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared using careful judgment with reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the material accounting policies summarized below:

### a) Principles of consolidation Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, TerraLogic Exploration Inc. ("TL" or "Terralogic") and Osprey Power Inc. ("OP"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

### b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank balances, term deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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### **3. Material Accounting Policies - continued**

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c) Financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are recorded at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL"). Accounts receivable, due from related party, reclamation bonds, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and reclamation deposits, initially recognized at fair value, are subsequently recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The Company provides a loss allowance for its trade receivables at an amount equal to their lifetime expected credit losses.

d) Exploration and evaluation assets

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, costs directly related to the acquisition of the property are recognized and capitalized as an exploration and evaluation asset. Exploration and evaluation expenditures ("E&E") are expensed as incurred. These expenditures include such costs as materials used, surveying costs, drilling costs, administrative and overhead costs, etc. This treatment is a change from previous years and adjustments to the consolidated financial statements are listed in detail in Note 4.

The Company enters into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of a mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the transferee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash or other consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess consideration accounted for as a gain on disposal.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The Company plans on exploring all properties and holds as a minimum budgeted amount the cost to extend the tenure of the properties.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation costs capitalized in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to profit or loss.

The Company tests exploration and evaluation assets for impairment when one or more of the following are present:

- i. The period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed.
- ii. Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned.
- iii. Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area.
- iv. Sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as 'mines under construction'. Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties and exploration and evaluation expenses are capitalized going forward. Any incidental revenues earned in connection with exploration activities are applied as a reduction to exploration and evaluation assets.

Exploration and evaluation assets are classified as intangible assets.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

### **3. Material Accounting Policies - continued**

e) Government grants and assistance

The Federal and Provincial taxation authorities provide companies with tax incentives for undertaking mineral exploration programs in certain areas. The Company accrues these credits as other income in the period that the related exploration expenditures were incurred. These accrued credits are subject to review by the relevant authorities and adjustments, if any, resulting from such a review are recorded in the period that the tax filings are amended.

f) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Where an item of equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items. The depreciation method, useful life and residual values are assessed annually.

Depreciation is determined using the declining balance method, using the rates below which approximate the estimated useful life of the asset:

Automotive	30% per annum
Building	4% per annum
Computer equipment	55% per annum
Computer software	100% per annum
Fence	10% per annum
Furniture and equipment	20% per annum

An item is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss).

g) Investment property

The Company's real estate holdings, which include the head office building, do not meet the definition of an investment property under IAS 40 and are therefore included in property and equipment. Although a portion of the head office building is rented to third parties, under IAS 40, a portion of dual-use property is classified as investment property only if the portion could be sold or leased out separately under a finance lease. Otherwise, the entire property is classified as property and equipment unless only an "insignificant" portion is held for own use. Rental income is recorded as other income.

h) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. Impairment is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. The impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

i) Rehabilitation obligations

The Company recognizes the fair value of a legal or constructive liability for a rehabilitation obligation in the year in which it is incurred and when a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. Exploration and evaluation expenses are increased by the same amount as the liability. Changes in the liability for an asset retirement

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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### **3. Material Accounting Policies - continued**

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i) Rehabilitation obligations - continued

obligation due to the passage of time will be measured by applying an interest method of allocation. The amount will be recognized as an increase in the liability and an accretion expense in profit or loss. Changes resulting from revisions to the timing or the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows are recognized as an increase or a decrease to the carrying amount of the liability and exploration and evaluation expenses. The Company does not have significant rehabilitation obligations. Refer to Note 12.

j) Revenue recognition

Revenue associated with the geological services provided by the Company is recognized when services are performed under an agreement with a customer, amount is known and collection of any resulting receivable is reasonably assured.

Invoices for the performance of geological consulting and exploration services are issued on a monthly basis. Revenue is recognized over time as the services are provided.

The stage of completion for determining the amount of revenue to recognize is based on hours incurred by geologists and expenditures made by TerraLogic in the course of completing exploration programs.

The Company's contracts are for each drilling exploration season typically runs for a few months between January and December. There are minimal drilling programs underway at year end due to weather. As a result, there are no material amounts of services rendered in a single contract recognized in different reporting periods. However, the Company may bill its customers for advances related to the upcoming drilling contract for the next year.

Included in other income are:

- 1) rental income from renting a portion of the head office building which is recognized straight line over the rental period,
- 2) Operator fees calculated as a percentage of exploration costs billed to EPL's optionees which is recognized over the same period as the revenue recognized from providing the geological consulting and exploration services,
- 3) Proceeds from the sale of mineral claims, net of costs incurred to acquire them, which is recognized at the point in time once the title has been transferred to the buyer.

k) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income (loss).

Current income taxes are recognized for the estimated income taxes payable or receivable on taxable income or loss for the current year and any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous years. Current income taxes are determined using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year-end date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base, except for

- 1) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill, and
- 2) temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not
  - i. a business combination, and
  - ii. at the time of the transaction effects
    - a) neither accounting profit or loss,
    - b) does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. At the end of each reporting period the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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### **3. Material Accounting Policies - continued**

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l) Share capital

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, share warrants, options and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of tax.

*Valuation of equity units issued in private placements*

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component.

The fair value of the common shares issued in the private placements was determined to be the more easily measurable component and were valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing quoted bid price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, was allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants are recorded to contributed surplus. For those warrants that expire, the fair value remains in contributed surplus.

m) Per share amounts

Basic earnings (loss) per common share are computed by dividing the net income (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year. Diluted per share amounts reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted to common shares.

The treasury stock method is used to determine the dilutive effect of stock options and other dilutive instruments. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share assumes that the deemed proceeds received from the exercise of stock options, share purchase warrants and their equivalents would be used to repurchase common shares of the Company at the average market price during the year.

n) Share-based payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant measured by use of a valuation model, and is charged to profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss) over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether these vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss), unless they are related to the issuance of shares. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital.

When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model.

All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in contributed surplus, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in contributed surplus is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss) over the remaining vesting period.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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### **3. Material Accounting Policies - continued**

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n) Share-based payments - continued

Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense. The fair value of the stock options that expire unexercised remains in contributed surplus.

o) New accounting pronouncements

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the IASB that are mandatory for accounting years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, or later years. Updates that are not applicable and have no significant impact to the Company are not separately identified below.

The following accounting standards and amendments are effective for future periods.

*IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and IFRS 9 Financial Instruments*

Amendments have been issued to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 to clarify the date of recognition and derecognition of some financial assets and liabilities, add new disclosure requirements for certain instruments and update disclosure requirements for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The Company will be evaluating the impact on the future consolidated financial statements.

*Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (IFRS 18)*

IFRS 18 introduces three sets of new requirements to give investors more transparent and comparable information about companies' financial performance for better investment decisions.

1. Three defined categories for income and expenses—operating, investing and financing—to improve the structure of the income statement, and require all companies to provide new defined subtotals, including operating profit.
2. Requirement for companies to disclose explanations of management-defined performance measures (MPMs) that are related to the income statement.
3. Enhanced guidance on how to organize information and whether to provide it in the primary financial statements or in the notes.

This new standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company will be evaluating the impact on the future consolidated financial statements.

**Eagle Plains Resources Ltd.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Corporation)**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**4. Change in Accounting Policy**

The Company is applying a change in its accounting policy related to the treatment of exploration and evaluation assets. The Company previously capitalized all exploration and evaluation expenditures, including acquisition costs and exploration expenditures. The Company has changed the policy where all exploration expenditures will be expensed while acquisition costs will continue to be capitalized as detailed in the previous Note 3 (d). The Company has decided to make this policy change as it is becoming more common in the industry. It will help prevent swings in income related to large write-downs, while still giving a fair picture to the shareholders of the value in the Company.

The following summarizes the impact on the financial statements line items in these consolidated financial statements.

<b>Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2024</b>			
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated Balance
Exploration and Evaluation Assets	\$ 2,871,780	\$ (2,641,554)	\$ 230,226
Total Assets	14,701,659	(2,641,554)	12,060,105
Deficit	(12,000,522)	(2,641,554)	(14,642,076)
Shareholders' Equity	13,660,440	(2,641,554)	11,018,886
Total Liability and Shareholders' Equity	14,701,659	(2,641,554)	12,060,105

<b>Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at January 1, 2024</b>			
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated Balance
Exploration and Evaluation Assets	\$ 2,717,834	\$ (2,389,800)	\$ 328,034
Total Assets	14,735,370	(2,389,800)	12,345,570
Deficit	(11,759,549)	(2,389,800)	(14,149,349)
Shareholders' Equity	13,822,396	(2,389,800)	11,432,596
Total Liability and Shareholders' Equity	14,735,370	(2,389,800)	12,345,570

<b>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024</b>			
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated Balance
Exploration and evaluation expense	\$ -	\$ 447,246	\$ 447,246
Write down of evaluation and exploration assets	196,678	(76,683)	119,995
Loss before other items	(1,045,220)	(370,563)	(1,415,783)
Other income	443,182	118,809	561,991
Net and comprehensive Loss for the year	(240,973)	(251,754)	(492,727)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	(0.00)	-	(0.00)

<b>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2024</b>			
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated Balance
Net loss of the year	\$ (240,973)	\$ (251,754)	\$ (492,727)
Cash used in operating activities	(105,392)	(205,253)	(310,645)
Cash received from investing activities	447,536	205,253	652,789

<b>Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2024</b>			
	As reported	Adjustment	Restated Balance
Deficit as at December 31, 2023	\$ (11,759,549)	\$ (2,389,800)	\$ (14,149,349)
Total Shareholders' equity as at December 31, 2023	13,822,396	(2,389,800)	11,432,596
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2024	(240,973)	(251,754)	(492,727)
Deficit as at December 31, 2024	(12,000,522)	(2,641,554)	(14,642,076)
Total Shareholder equity as at December 31, 2024	13,660,440	(2,641,554)	11,018,886

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**5. Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable is comprised of:

	<b>December 31 2025</b>	<b>December 31 2024</b>
Trade receivables before allowance	<b>\$ 1,718,934</b>	<b>\$ 836,942</b>
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	<b>(336,334)</b>	<b>(378,231)</b>
Trade receivables, net	<b>1,382,600</b>	<b>458,711</b>
Other	<b>103,925</b>	<b>45,587</b>
	<b>\$ 1,486,525</b>	<b>\$ 504,298</b>

The Company has provided an allowance for lifetime expected credit losses based on the non-ability of certain customers to meet their obligations. The Company does not hold any collateral as security.

Bad debt expense (recovery) recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) include the change in the allowance for doubtful accounts and direct write-off of accounts receivable deemed uncollectible.

**6. Investments**

The Company holds investments that have been designated as FVTPL as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2025</b>		December 31, 2024	
	<b>Market Value</b>	<b>Cost</b>	Market Value	Cost
Current:				
Common shares in public companies	<b>\$3,970,827</b>	<b>\$3,707,927</b>	\$1,352,224	\$ 3,487,328

For securities traded in an active market, market value is based on the quoted closing bid prices of the securities at December 31, 2025 and 2024. Cost is calculated using the quoted closing bid price on the date of receipt of the securities.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company received 7,525,000 (2024 – 2,458,333) shares for the various option and property sale agreements in effect with an attributed value of \$486,502 (2024 - \$258,750). The Company received 600,000 (2024 – 2,849,573) shares with an attributed value of \$120,000 (2024 - \$85,487) for settlement of trade receivables. The Company also purchased 962,659 (2024 – 4,556) shares in other companies at a cost of \$178,388 (2024 – \$188,476).

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company sold investments and received proceeds of \$153,569 (2024 - \$385,905).

The Company recorded gain on investments of \$1,972,282 (2024 – loss of \$139,217) in the year which is included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

December 31, 2025 and 2024

7. Property and Equipment

Cost	Land	Automotive	Right-of-Use Assets	Building	Computer Equipment & Software	Furniture & Equipment	Fence	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$298,856	\$668,731	\$89,649	\$1,062,434	\$248,117	\$475,980	\$13,360	\$2,857,127
Additions	-	159,706	-	-	15,012	59,341	-	234,059
Disposals	-	(48,144)	-	-	-	-	-	(48,144)
Balance at December 31, 2024	298,856	780,293	89,649	1,062,434	263,129	535,321	13,360	3,043,042
Additions	-	70,583	-	-	31,298	33,723	-	135,604
Disposals	-	(68,035)	-	-	-	-	-	(68,035)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$298,856</b>	<b>\$782,841</b>	<b>\$89,649</b>	<b>\$1,062,434</b>	<b>\$294,427</b>	<b>\$569,044</b>	<b>\$13,360</b>	<b>\$3,110,611</b>

Accumulated Depreciation	Automotive	Right-of-Use Assets	Building	Computer Equipment & Software	Furniture & Equipment	Fence	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$342,607	\$88,827	\$435,846	\$227,251	\$370,387	\$9,777	\$1,474,695
Depreciation	134,627	822	26,149	17,719	25,870	358	205,545
Disposals	(20,996)	-	-	-	-	-	(20,996)
Balance at December 31, 2024	456,238	89,649	461,995	244,970	396,257	10,135	1,659,244
Depreciation	102,301	-	25,018	28,220	30,004	321	185,864
Disposals	(49,687)	-	-	-	-	-	(49,687)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$508,852</b>	<b>\$89,649</b>	<b>\$487,013</b>	<b>\$273,190</b>	<b>\$426,261</b>	<b>\$10,456</b>	<b>\$1,795,421</b>

Carrying Value	Land	Automotive	Right-of-Use Assets	Building	Computer Equipment & Software	Furniture & Equipment	Fence	Total
At December 31, 2024	\$298,856	\$324,055	\$0	\$600,439	\$18,159	\$139,064	\$3,225	\$1,383,798
<b>At December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$298,856</b>	<b>\$273,989</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$575,421</b>	<b>\$21,237</b>	<b>\$142,783</b>	<b>\$2,904</b>	<b>\$1,315,190</b>

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**8. Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company incurred acquisition expenditures of \$60,723 (2024 - \$22,187) and received option payments of \$376,251 (2024 - \$93,750). As a result of option payments received, the Company recorded in income, option proceeds in excess of carrying value of \$352,236 (2024 - \$93,750). The Company wrote down exploration and evaluations assets of \$38,709 (2024 - \$119,995). Exploration and evaluation assets totaled \$228,225 at December 31, 2025, down from \$230,226 at December 31, 2024. See Schedule 1 – Exploration and evaluation assets and Schedule 2 – Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures.

The Company has interests in a number of optioned exploration projects. As at December 31, 2025, the Company has executed option agreements with third parties on the following projects:

**Option Agreements - Third party earn in British Columbia**

- (a) **Donna Project:** On June 1, 2022, the Company executed a formal option agreement (subject to regulatory approval) with Annacotty Resources Corp. (a private BC company) (“Annacotty”) whereby Annacotty may earn an undivided 60% interest in the Donna Project located east of Vernon, British Columbia. Under terms of the Agreement, Annacotty must complete \$4,000,000 in exploration expenditures, issue 1,200,000 common shares and make \$520,000 in cash payments to Eagle Plains over a five-year period. The agreement was amended on December 21, 2022 whereby in consideration for an additional 100,000 shares, the December 31, 2022 payment date was extended to May 30, 2023. On July 21, 2023, an amendment was made to the agreement whereby Annacotty is required to incur \$80,000 expenditures by December 31, 2023 and the effective date changed to May 31, 2024 for consideration of 100,000 shares (received). On July 17, 2024, another amendment was made to the agreement whereby the effective date changed to August 31, 2025 for consideration of 200,000 shares (received). Eagle Plains will retain a 2.0% NSR Royalty, with Annacotty having the option to repurchase 1% of the NSR Royalty for \$1.0 million. On June 25, 2025 the Company received formal notice from option partner Annacotty that it has terminated its option on EPL’s 100% owned Donna property.
- (b) **Findlay Project:** On May 5, 2023, the Company executed an option agreement with Amaroq Gold Corp. (“Amaroq”), a BC corporation, whereby Amaroq may earn up to a 75% interest in the Findlay Project, located near Kimberley, BC. The project is owned 100% by Eagle Plains, subject to underlying royalties. Under the terms of the agreement, Amaroq may earn a 60% interest by completing \$5,000,000 in exploration expenditures, issuing 1,800,000 voting class common shares and making \$500,000 in cash payments over a 4-year period. Amaroq may increase its interest to 75% by delivering a feasibility study by 2030. A 2% NSR is reserved for Eagle Plains. The agreement was amended on June 12, 2024 whereby in consideration for 200,000 shares (received), the June 30, 2024 payment date was extended to June 30, 2025 and the December 31, 2024 expenditure requirement was added to the December 31, 2025 expenditure requirement. This agreement has a new amendment pending. Payments are due as follows:

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Expenditures	Due Date
\$ -	200,000	\$ -	On signing the agreement (received)
-	-	100,000	September 30, 2023 (completed)
-	200,000	-	December 31, 2023 (received)
25,000	300,000	-	December 31, 2024 (not received)
25,000	-	-	June 30, 2025 (not received)
100,000	300,000	900,000	December 31, 2025 (not received)
150,000	400,000	1,500,000	December 31, 2026
200,000	400,000	2,500,000	December 31, 2027
<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>1,800,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,000,000</u>	

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**8. Exploration and Evaluation Assets – continued**

**Option Agreements - Third party earn in - continued**  
**British Columbia - continued**

- (c) **Iron Range Project:** On February 26, 2025, the Company and Earthwise Mineral Corp (“Earthwise”) entered into an option agreement pursuant to which Earthwise has been granted the exclusive right to acquire up to a 70% (Option 1) or 80% (Option 2) interest in the Company’s 100% owned Iron Range Project. To exercise the option, Earthwise must make a series of cash payments and share issuances to EPL and fund exploration expenditures on the project. These payments, share issuance and expenditures are separated into two phases, with the first option entitling the Earthwise to acquire a 70% interest in the project by paying \$250,000, issuing an aggregate of 1,500,000 common shares to EPL and funding \$4,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the project by February 26, 2029. Pursuant to the second phase of the option, Earthwise may acquire an additional 10% interest in the project (for a 80% total interest) by paying an additional \$1,000,000. If the Option 1 or Option 2 is exercised, a 2% smelter return royalty will be granted to EPL, 1% of which may be repurchased for \$1,500,000. On January 1, 2026 the option was amended to postpone expenditure requirement to August 26, 2026 for 100,000 shares in consideration (received subsequently). Payments for Option 1 are due as follows:

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Exploration Expenditures	<u>Due Date</u>
\$ 5,000	100,000	\$ -	On signing of agreement February 26, 2025 (received)
25,000	100,000	-	February 26, 2026 (cash received subsequently, shares pending)
-	-	200,000	August 26, 2026
50,000	250,000	500,000	February 26, 2027
75,000	450,000	1,500,000	February 26, 2028
95,000	600,000	1,800,000	February 26, 2029
<u>\$250,000</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>\$4,000,000</u>	

- (d) **Theory Project:** On March 13, 2025, the Company and Sun Summit Minerals Corp (“Sun Summit”) entered into an option agreement pursuant to which Sun Summit has been granted the exclusive right to acquire up to a 75% (Option 1) or 100% (Option 2) interest in the Company’s 100% owned Theory Project. To exercise the option, Sun Summit must make a series of cash payments and share issuances to EPL and fund exploration expenditures on the project. These payments, share issuance and expenditures are separated into two phases, with the first option entitling Sun Summit to acquire a 75% interest in the project by paying \$250,000, issuing an aggregate of 750,000 common shares to EPL and funding \$3,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the project by December 31, 2028. Pursuant to the second phase of the option, Sun Summit may acquire an additional 25% interest in the project (for a 100% total interest) by paying an additional \$1,000,000. If the Option 1 or Option 2 is exercised, a 2% smelter return royalty will be granted to EPL, 1% of which may be repurchased for \$1,000,000.

Payments for Option 1 are due as follows:

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Exploration Expenditures	<u>Due Date</u>
\$ 20,000	50,000	\$ -	On signing of agreement March 13, 2025 (received)
30,000	100,000	200,000	December 31, 2025 (received and completed)
50,000	150,000	400,000	December 31, 2026
75,000	200,000	1,000,000	December 31, 2027
75,000	250,000	1,400,000	December 31, 2028
<u>\$250,000</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>\$3,000,000</u>	

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**8. Exploration and Evaluation Assets - continued**

**Option Agreements - Third party earn in - continued**  
**British Columbia - continued**

- (e) **Mount Polly West (MPW):** On June 17, 2025, the Company executed an option agreement with Tana Resources Inc. ("Tana") whereby Tana may earn up to a 60% (Option 1) or an 75% (Option 2) interest in Eagle Plains' wholly-owned MPW copper-gold project. To exercise the Option, Tana must make a series of cash payments and share issuances to Eagle Plains and fund exploration expenditures on the Project. These payments, share issuance and expenditures are separated into two phases, with the First Option entitling Tana to acquire a 60% interest in the Project by paying \$250,000, issuing an aggregate of 2,750,000 common shares to EPL and funding \$3,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the Project by over a four-year term, including \$75,000 in expenditures in 2025. Pursuant to the Second Option (if elected by Tana), Tana may acquire an additional 15% interest in the Project (for a 75% total interest) by notifying Eagle Plains of its intent to increase its interest to 75%, and by completing a bankable feasibility-level study on the Property prior to December 31, 2031. If either the First Option or the Second Option is exercised, a 2% smelter return royalty will be granted to the Eagle Plains over part of the property, 1% of which may be repurchased for \$1,000,000. On February 17, 2026 the Company formally notified Tana that it had defaulted on the performance requirements of the option agreement and the agreement was terminated.

**Saskatchewan**

- (a) **Brownell Project:** On March 21, 2023, the Company executed an option agreement (subject to regulatory approval) with Pacific Imperial Mines Inc. ("PPM") whereby PPM may earn up to a 60% interest in the Brownell Lake copper project, subject to a 2% underlying royalty. Under the terms of the agreement, PPM may earn its interest by completing \$5,000,000 in exploration expenditures, issuing 1,000,000 voting class common shares and making \$500,000 in cash payments over a 4-year period. There is an amendment pending on this agreement. Payments are due as follows:

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Expenditures	<u>Due Date</u>
\$ -	-	\$ 100,000	May 1, 2023 (completed)
-	130,000	-	On Exchange acceptance December 31, 2023 (Cash payment received, share payment not yet received and is being amended)
25,000	130,000	-	
50,000	130,000	200,000	December 31, 2024 (not yet received)
100,000	130,000	700,000	December 31, 2025 (not yet received)
125,000	200,000	1,500,000	December 31, 2026
200,000	280,000	2,500,000	December 31, 2027
<b>\$ 500,000</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>\$ 5,000,000</b>	

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**8. Exploration and Evaluation Assets - continued**

**Option Agreements - Third party earn in - continued**  
**Saskatchewan – continued**

(b) **Dufferin Project:** On February 26, 2024, the Company and Refined Metals Corp. (“Refined”) entered into an option agreement, pursuant to which Refined has been granted the exclusive right to acquire up to a 75% interest in the Dufferin Project. To exercise the option, Refined must make a series of cash payments and share issuances to Eagle Plains and fund exploration expenditures on the project. These payments, share issuance and expenditures are separated into two phases, with the first option entitling the Company to acquire a 60% interest in the project by paying \$275,000, issuing an aggregate of 1,000,000 post-consolidated common shares to EPL and funding \$2,600,000 in exploration expenditures on the project by December 31, 2026. Pursuant to the second phase of the option, Refined may acquire an additional 15% interest in the project (for a 75% total interest) by paying an additional \$500,000, issuing an additional 500,000 post-consolidated shares to EPL and funding an additional \$3,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the project by December 31, 2028. If the first option or the second option is exercised, a 2% smelter return royalty will be granted to EPL, 1% of which may be repurchased for \$2,000,000. Following the exercise of the first option or the second option by Refined, Refined and EPL will form a joint-venture which will administer the continued exploration and operation of the project. The agreement has been amended on August 6, 2025 whereby the December 31, 2025 expenditure requirement was extended to April 30, 2026 for consideration of 100,000 shares (received). Payments for Phase I are due as follows:

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Expenditures	Due Date
\$ 20,000	125,000	\$ -	On execution of agreement (received)
30,000	125,000	-	December 31, 2024 (received)
-	250,000	-	December 31, 2025 (received)
100,000	-	1,350,000	April 30, 2026
125,000	500,000	1,250,000	December 31, 2026
<u>\$ 275,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,600,000</u>	

(c) **Pine Channel Project:** On May 11, 2021, the Company and Tri Capital Opportunities Corp. (subsequently renamed Apogee Minerals Ltd., “APO”) executed a formal option agreement whereby APO may acquire up to an 80% interest in EPL’s 100%-owned Pine Channel project located west of Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan. To earn an 80% interest in the property, APO will complete \$2,600,000 in exploration expenditures, issue 2,000,000 voting class common shares to Eagle Plains and make \$150,000 in cash payments over a 4-year period. EPL will retain a 2.0% NSR Royalty on the Property (subject to underlying royalties on certain areas of the Property), which royalty may be purchased by APO at any time for \$1,000,000. Upon completion of the terms of the option agreement a joint venture will be formed as defined in the agreement. On January 24, 2023, the due dates of the exploration expenditure commitments were extended by one year and the Company received \$40,000 as consideration. On July 12, 2023, the due date for the \$50,000 cash payment and \$500,000 expenditure payments (due June 30, 2023) were amended to June 30, 2024 and the Company received 150,000 shares as consideration. On March 15, 2024, the due date for the two \$50,000 remaining cash payments and remaining expenditure requirements were further extended and the Company received 50,000 shares as consideration. On December 17, 2025, the Company notified APO that it had defaulted on the performance requirements of the option agreement and the agreement was terminated.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**8. Exploration and Evaluation Assets - continued**

**Option Agreements - Third party earn in - continued**  
**Saskatchewan - continued**

- (d) **Uranium City Project:** On December 14, 2023, the Company executed six individual option agreements with Xcite Resources Inc. ("Xcite"), a BC corporation, whereby Xcite may earn up to an 80% interest in six individual uranium projects located near Uranium City in northern Saskatchewan. Under the terms of the agreement, Xcite may earn an 80% interest in each individual property by completing \$3,200,000 in exploration expenditures, issuing 750,000 common shares of Xcite and making cash payments to Eagle Plains of \$55,000 over four years, for an aggregate of \$19,200,000 in exploration expenditures, 4,500,000 shares and \$330,000 in cash to Eagle Plains. Upon Xcite fulfilling the terms of any or all of the earn-in agreements, an 80/20 joint venture will be formed, with Eagle Plains retaining a carried interest in all expenditures until delivery by Xcite or its assigns of a bankable feasibility study. During the option earn in period, Xcite will be appointed as operator, and EPL will manage the exploration programs under the direction of a joint technical committee. The projects are owned 100% by EPL, who will retain an underlying 2% NSR royalty on the each of the properties, which may be reduced to 1% upon payment of \$2 million. The agreements were amended on June 30, 2025 and September 15, 2025 whereby the December 31, 2024 cash payment was extended to September 30, 2025 and expenditure requirement was extended to December 31, 2025. For one of the amendments, there was a consideration of 25,000 shares per agreement (received).

Cash Payments	Share Payments	Expenditures		Due Date
\$ 5,000	50,000	\$ -	Times 6	On execution (received)
-	100,000	-	"	December 31, 2024 (received)
10,000	-	-	"	September 30, 2025 (received)
10,000	150,000	200,000	"	December 31, 2025 (received and completed)
10,000	200,000	1,000,000	"	December 31, 2026
20,000	250,000	2,000,000	"	December 31, 2027
<u>\$ 55,000</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,200,000</u>	"	

**9. Equity Instruments**

(a) **Authorized**

Unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value.

Unlimited number of first and second preference shares without nominal or par value, with the rights, privileges and conditions thereof determined by the directors of the Company at the time of issuance.

(b) **Issued and outstanding**

At December 31, 2025, there were 115,202,227 (2024 – 115,057,227) shares outstanding.

- In the third quarter 2025, the Company issued 145,000 shares on the exercise of employee options, receiving \$19,272 in proceeds after netting the amount paid to Eagle Royalties (Note 12).

(c) **Stock Option Plan**

The Company has a stock option plan for employees, directors, officers and consultants. Stock options can be issued up to a maximum number of common shares equal to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The exercise price of options granted is not less than the market price of the common shares traded less the available discount under TSX Venture Exchange Inc. policies, and is determined by the Board of Directors. Options granted can have a term of up to 10 years.

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**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**9. Equity Instruments – continued**

(c) Stock Option Plan - continued

During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had the following stock option activities:

	Number of Options	Option Price per Share Range	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2023	10,812,000	\$0.15 - \$0.24	\$ 0.21
Granted	1,530,000	0.17	0.17
Expired	(495,000)	(0.15)	(0.15)
Cancelled	(752,000)	(0.20 – 0.24)	(0.21)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2024</b>	<b>11,095,000</b>	<b>\$0.17 - \$0.24</b>	<b>\$ 0.20</b>

	Number of Options	Option Price per Share Range	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2024	11,095,000	\$0.17 - \$0.24	\$ 0.20
Granted	4,100,000	0.18 – 0.21	0.19
Expired	(3,740,000)	(0.20)	(0.20)
Exercised <sup>1</sup>	(145,000)	(0.20)	(0.20)
Cancelled	(100,000)	(0.17 – 0.24)	(0.19)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2025</b>	<b>11,210,000</b>	<b>\$0.17 - \$0.24</b>	<b>\$ 0.20</b>

<sup>1</sup>The weighted average share price was \$0.17 when the stock options were exercised.

At December 31, 2025, the following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding:

Options Outstanding December 31, 2025	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Number of Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Life
3,490,000	\$ 0.20	January 14, 2027	3,490,000	1.04 years
2,150,000	\$ 0.24	January 6, 2028	2,150,000	2.02 years
1,170,000	\$ 0.17	June 3, 2029	1,170,000	3.42 years
300,000	\$ 0.17	October 7, 2029	200,000	3.77 years
2,270,000	\$ 0.18	August 8, 2030	2,195,000	4.61 years
1,830,000	\$ 0.21	October 14, 2030	1,755,000	4.79 years
<b>11,210,000</b>			<b>10,960,000</b>	<b>2.88 years</b>

The weighted average remaining life of the outstanding stock options at December 31, 2025 is 2.88 years (2024 – 2.05 years).

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**9. Equity Instruments - continued**

(d) Share-based payments for share options

During the year ended December 31, 2025, \$218,141 (2024 – \$79,017) was recorded as share-based payments related to options issued and vested during the year. Compensation expense has been determined based on the estimated fair value of the options at the grant dates and amortized over the vesting year.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company granted 4,100,000 (2024 – 1,530,000) options, exercisable at \$0.18-\$0.21 (2024 - \$0.17) with expiry dates of August 8, 2030 and October 14, 2030 (2024 – June 3, 2029 and October 7, 2029).

The Company valued the options granted in the year using the Black-Scholes model and the following weighted average assumptions:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>Granted</b>	<b>Granted</b>
Expected annual volatility	<b>44.22%</b>	<b>53.46%</b>
Expected risk free rate	<b>2.83%</b>	<b>3.42%</b>
Expected term	<b>5 years</b>	<b>5 years</b>
Expected dividends	-	-
Share price at date of grant	<b>\$0.15</b>	<b>\$0.12</b>
Exercise price	<b>\$0.19</b>	<b>\$0.17</b>
Fair value on measurement date	<b>\$0.05</b>	<b>\$0.05</b>

Expected volatility is estimated using the historical stock price of the Company.

(e) Warrants outstanding

During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had the following warrant activities:

	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price per Share Range
Balance, December 31, 2023	7,482,279	\$0.25 - \$0.30
Expired	(1,476,000)	(0.30)
<b>Balance, December 31, 2024</b>	<b>6,006,279</b>	<b>\$0.25 - \$0.30</b>

  

	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price per Share Range
Balance, December 31, 2024	6,006,279	\$0.25 - \$0.30
Expired	-	-
<b>Balance, December 31, 2025</b>	<b>6,006,279</b>	<b>\$0.25 - \$0.30</b>

At December 31, 2025, the following table summarizes information about warrants outstanding:

Warrants Outstanding December 31, 2025	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Weighted Average Remaining Life
3,785,529 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 0.25	July 11, 2026	0.53 years
2,220,750 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 0.30	August 2, 2026	0.59 years
<b>6,006,279</b>			<b>0.55 years</b>

<sup>(1)</sup>On June 26, 2025 the Company extended the warrants expiry date from July 11, 2025 to a revised date of July 11, 2026. All other terms remain unchanged.

<sup>(2)</sup>On June 18, 2025 the Company extended the warrants expiry date from August 2, 2025 to a revised date of August 2, 2026. All other terms remain unchanged.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**10. Per Share Amounts**

The calculation of per share amounts have been calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2025 of 115,091,087 shares and the year ended December 31, 2024 of 115,057,227 shares. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the diluted EPS equals basic EPS as none of the stocks options and warrants had a dilutive effect.

**11. Related Party Transactions**

The Company was involved in the following related party transactions during the year:

- (a) The Company was related to Eagle Royalties Ltd. ("ER" or "Eagle Royalties") through common directors starting May 19, 2023, and ending on the sale of Eagle Royalties to Summit Royalty Corp. on November 4, 2025. During the year, the Company had the following transactions with the related company:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Administrative services provided by EPL	\$ 12,804	\$ 13,395
Costs reimbursed to EPL	27,991	37,624
Interest received from ER	-	7,479
	<b>\$ 40,795</b>	<b>\$ 58,498</b>

At December 31, 2025, \$nil (2024 - \$8,840) is included in due from related party.

- (b) Compensation to key management personnel in the year:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Administration costs		
Management fees	<b>\$ 93,424</b>	<b>\$ 99,000</b>
Wages and benefits	<b>275,800</b>	<b>247,000</b>
Director fees	<b>35,000</b>	<b>25,000</b>
Professional fees	<b>58,000</b>	<b>53,500</b>
Share-based payments	<b>108,000</b>	<b>36,424</b>
	<b>\$ 570,224</b>	<b>\$ 460,924</b>

- (c) Included in administration costs is \$93,424 (2024 - \$99,000) paid or accrued for management services to a company owned by a director and officer of the Company.
- (d) Included in administration costs is \$275,800 (2024 - \$247,000) paid or accrued for wages and benefits to directors and officers of the Company.
- (e) Included in administration costs are director fees of \$35,000 (2024 - \$25,000) were paid to three directors of the Company.
- (f) Included in professional fees is \$58,000 (2024 - \$53,500) paid or accrued for accounting services to an officer of the Company.
- (g) The Company granted 1,950,000 (2024 - 700,000) options, with exercise prices of \$0.18-\$0.21 (2024 - \$0.17) and expiry date of August 8, 2030 and October 14, 2030 (2024 - June 3, 2029), to directors and officers of the Company and recorded share-based payments of \$108,000 (2024 - \$36,424).

All related party transactions in the normal course of business have been measured at the agreed upon exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Amounts due to/from the related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment unless otherwise specified.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**12. Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company has \$245,399 (2024 - \$213,512) held as project reclamation bonds in favor of regulatory authorities. The amount of the deposit is determined at the time the exploration program is planned and a notice of work is submitted to the regulatory authority. If the work is more extensive than previously planned, the amount of the deposit will be increased. When reclamation work is completed on a project to the satisfaction of the regulatory authority, the deposit is released to the Company. The Company also holds project reclamation deposits collected from its customers in the amount \$55,956 (2024 - \$55,956) for their exploration properties.

The Company has agreed to indemnify directors and officers under the bylaws of the Company to the extent permitted by law. The nature of the indemnifications prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay to beneficiary of such indemnification agreement. The Company has purchased various insurance policies to reduce the risks associated with such indemnification. The Company has included in officers' management contracts a change of control clause that would entitle them to compensation of approximately twenty-four (24) months' salary should such an event occur. This would amount to approximately \$664,000 based on salaries in effect as at December 31, 2025.

The Company through their spin-out agreement with ER (see note 18) is committed to paying ER, for every Eagle Plains warrant or option outstanding as of Spin-out Transaction completion date, 1/3 proceeds from the warrant (3,785,529) or option (5,640,000) exercise.

**13. Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy.

<b>December 31, 2025</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	\$ 7,038,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,038,049
<b>Investments</b>	\$ 3,970,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,970,827
<hr/>				
<b>December 31, 2024</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,115,112	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,115,112
Investments	\$ 1,352,224	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,352,224

As disclosed in Note 3(c), the Company holds various forms of financial instruments. The nature of these instruments and the Company's operations exposes the Company to concentration risk, credit risk, currency risk, price risk and commodity price risk. The Company manages its exposure to these risks by operating in a manner that minimizes its exposure to the extent practical.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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**13. Financial Instruments - continued**

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a) Concentration risk

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents was held at two recognized Canadian national financial institutions. As a result, the Company was exposed to all of the risks associated with those institutions. Concentration risk also exists in marketable securities (investments) because the Company's investments are primarily in shares of junior resource companies involved in gold exploration.

b) Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a customer or counterparty will fail to perform an obligation or settle a liability, resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company manages exposure to credit risk by adopting credit risk guidelines that limit transactions according to counterparty credit worthiness.

The maximum credit exposure associated with accounts receivable is the carrying value on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit loss at each reporting date. Lifetime expected credit loss is calculated based on management assessment of the historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking factors specific to the individual debtors as well as the overall economic environment, if applicable. A full allowance specifically is provided when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of the counterparty to engage in a repayment plan with the Company, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 180 days past due. See note 5 for the change in loss allowance during the current year.

c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk to the Company's operations that arise from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk. At December 31, 2025, the Company had cash of \$6,166 (December 31, 2024 - \$3,734) in US\$. The Company is not exposed to significant currency risk.

d) Price risk

The Company's investments designated as FVTPL are traded on the TSX Venture, NYSE, TSE and CSE. A 1% change in the cumulative quoted share price would change the fair value of the investments by approximately \$40,000 (December 31, 2024 - \$14,000). The change would be recorded in profit or loss.

e) Commodity price risk

The value of the Company's mineral resource properties is related to the price of various commodities and the outlook for them. Commodity prices have historically fluctuated widely and are affected by numerous factors outside of the Company's control, including, but not limited to, industrial retail demand, central bank lending, forward sales by producers and speculators, level of worldwide production and short-term changes in supply and demand.

f) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquid funds to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The contractual financial liabilities of the Company as of December 31, 2025 equal \$715,777. \$659,821 of the liabilities presented as accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within 30 days of December 31, 2025.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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#### **14. Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

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Non-cash investing and financing activities:

- (a) Pursuant to certain mineral property option agreements, the Company received 1,875,000 (2024 – 1,708,333) shares with an attributed value of \$171,251 (2024 - \$63,750).
  - (b) Pursuant to a sale of mineral claims, the Company received 5,650,000 (2024 – 750,000) shares with an attributed value of \$315,251 (2024 - \$195,000), of which \$96,250 (2024 - \$Nil) is deferred in prepaid deposits at December 31, 2025 to be recognized in the next fiscal year.
  - (c) The Company received 600,000 (2024 – 2,849,573) shares with an attributed value of \$120,000 (2024 - \$85,487) to settle trade receivables, and reclassified 428,571 (2024 – Nil) shares with an attributable value of \$15,000 (2024 - \$Nil) from prepaid expenses.
  - (d) The Company received cash payments of \$172,855 (2024 - \$379,272) for interest.
  - (e) The Company made no cash payments for interest or income taxes in the years presented.
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#### **15. Disaggregation of Revenue**

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The Company earns revenue from the performance of one type of service, being geological and exploration services. Further, its customers are exploration companies based in Canada.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, four customers (2024 – three customers) accounted for more than 10% of total revenue for the Company and in aggregate accounted for 62% (2024 – 57%) of total revenue.

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#### **16. Capital Management**

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The Company includes cash and cash equivalents and shareholders' equity, comprising of issued common shares, contributed surplus and deficit, in the definition of capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent upon external financings to fund activities. In order to carry out planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

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**17. Income Taxes**

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the effective tax rate of income varies from the statutory rate as follows:

	2025	2024 (Note 4)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$2,014,860	\$(492,727)
Statutory tax rates	27.0%	27.0%
Tax expense (recovery) at statutory rate	544,000	(133,000)
Non-deductible expenses/(non taxable income)	(202,000)	60,000
Adjustment to prior years provision versus tax returns	11,000	(196,000)
Tax benefits (recognized) unrecognized	(353,000)	269,000
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -

The summary of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized are as following:

	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)		
Marketable securities	\$ (67,000)	\$ -
Allowable capital losses	67,000	-
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$ -	\$ -

The summary of the Company's deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, and unused tax credits is as following:

	2025	Expiry	2024	Expiry
Non-capital tax losses	\$ 1,070,000	2037-2043	\$ 1,351,000	2036-2043
Allowable capital losses	\$ 302,000	None	\$ 640,000	None
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 5,101,000	None	\$ 5,123,000	None
Investments and other	\$ 189,000	None	\$ 2,030,000	None
Share issuance costs	\$ 6,000	2026 - 2027	\$ 10,000	2025 - 2027

**18. Spin-out Transaction**

On February 28, 2023, Eagle Plains entered into the following agreements:

- an arrangement agreement (the "Arrangement Agreement") between Eagle Plains and its wholly owned subsidiary, ER, pursuant to which Eagle Plains will, through a series of transactions, transfer a majority of its portfolio of royalty interests (the "Royalties") and cash of approximately \$104,000 to ER (the "Spin-out Transaction"); and
- an amalgamation agreement (the "Amalgamation Agreement") among Eagle Plains, ER and 2513756 Alberta Ltd. (formerly 1386884 BC Ltd., "138"), pursuant to which 138 and ER will, immediately following the Spin-out Transaction, amalgamate and continue as one company (the "Resulting Issuer") under the name "Eagle Royalties Ltd." (the "Combination Transaction").

Under the Arrangement Agreement, for every Eagle Plains warrant or option outstanding as of Spin-out Transaction completion date that is exercised subsequently, ER has to issue 1/3 of a common share and will receive 1/3 proceeds from the warrant or option exercise.

The Spin-out Transaction and the Combination Transaction are collectively referred to herein as the "Transaction" and was completed on May 19, 2023.

On November 4, 2025, Eagle Royalties was purchased by Summit Royalty Corp. and is no longer a related party to Eagle Plains. Under the sale agreement, Eagle Royalty shares were split at 5:1 in exchange for Summit Royalty Corp. shares. The agreement for outstanding Eagle Plains warrants and options remains in place, with the new ratio of 1/15 Summit Royalty Corp. common share.

**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

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**19. Employee Benefits Expense**

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During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company incurred \$1,200,863 (2024 - \$1,013,913) of short-term employee benefits expense classified as part of administration costs in operating expenses.

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**20. Subsequent Event**

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On February 17, 2026, the Company formally notified Tana Resources Inc. ("Tana") that it has defaulted on the performance requirements of the Option Agreement between Tana and Eagle Plains on the Mount Polley West project and that the Option Agreement is terminated.

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**Schedule 1 – Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Note 4)**

	December 31 2024	Acquisition Costs	Option Payments & Others	Option proceeds in excess of carrying value	Write down of mineral properties	<b>December 31 2025</b>
British Columbia	\$183,250	\$49,444	\$(83,501)	\$ 65,477	\$(26,726)	<b>\$187,944</b>
NW Territories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saskatchewan	46,971	11,279	(292,750)	286,759	(11,984)	<b>40,276</b>
Yukon Territory	5	-	-	-	-	<b>5</b>
	<b>\$230,226</b>	<b>\$60,723</b>	<b>\$(376,251)</b>	<b>\$352,236</b>	<b>\$(38,709)</b>	<b>\$228,225</b>

	December 31 2023	Acquisition Costs	Option Payments & Others	Option proceeds in excess of carrying value	Write down / adjustment of mineral properties	<b>December 31 2024</b>
British Columbia	\$286,706	\$ 1,774	\$ -	\$ -	\$(105,230)	<b>\$183,250</b>
NW Territories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saskatchewan	41,323	20,413	(93,750)	93,750	(14,765)	<b>46,971</b>
Yukon Territory	5	-	-	-	-	<b>5</b>
	<b>\$328,034</b>	<b>\$22,187</b>	<b>\$(93,750)</b>	<b>\$93,750</b>	<b>\$(119,995)</b>	<b>\$230,226</b>

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**December 31, 2025 and 2024**

**Schedule 2 – Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures (Note 4)**

January – December 2025	British Columbia	Saskatchewan	NWT	Yukon	Total
Analytical	\$ 71,271	\$ 8,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,299
Environment and consultations	-	7,008	-	-	7,008
Equipment rental	438	-	-	-	438
Geological and geochemical	4,224	2,627	-	-	6,851
Geophysical	45,413	-	-	-	45,413
Labour	152,206	31,809	-	-	184,015
Travel and camp	34,620	19,182	-	-	53,802
Transportation	16,568	13,347	-	-	29,915
	<b>\$324,740</b>	<b>\$ 82,001</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$406,741</b>

January – December 2024	British Columbia	Saskatchewan	NWT	Yukon	Total
Analytical	\$59,461	\$ 890	\$ -	\$ -	\$60,351
Environment and consultations	25,958	3,250	-	-	29,208
Equipment rental	-	95	-	-	95
Geological and geochemical	11,532	13,920	-	-	25,452
Geophysical	97,090	14,446	-	-	111,536
Labour	110,518	36,512	-	-	147,030
Travel and camp	22,016	1,496	-	-	23,512
Transportation	45,230	4,832	-	-	50,062
	<b>\$371,805</b>	<b>\$ 75,441</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$447,246</b>